

**CHEMISTRY, PRACTICAL BASED COURSE, Distribution of Marks[OUT OF 75]
is as follows:**

EXAMINATION	Practical Based Course	Duration of Examination
SEMESTER END Examination (THEORETICAL)	40	2 Hours
SEMESTER END Examination (PRACTICAL)	20	Upto 5 Hours
Continuous Evaluation/Internal Examination/Mid Semester Examination (TO BE CONDUCTED BY COLLEGES)	10	
ATTENDANCE	5	
TOTAL	75	

1. Distribution of 40 Marks for SEMESTER END THEORETICAL EXAMINATION

SL. No.	Questions to be answered	Out of	Marks of each question	Total Marks
1	5	8	1	5x1=5
2	3	5	5	3x5=15
3	2	4	10	2x10=20

However, questions carrying 5 or 10 Marks , need not necessarily to be a single question.

2. Distribution of 20 Marks for SEMESTER END PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

SL. No.		
1	Lab. Note Book	3
2	Viva-voce	2
3	Experiment	15
TOTAL		20

3. Continuous Evaluation/ Internal Assessment/ Mid Semester Examination : 10 Marks

Students should complete internal assessment before appearing at the respective Semester examination. All the internal continuing evaluation will be conducted by the teachers of the department. It shall be on the basis of dissertations/projects, term papers, reports, seminar presentation, class test or any combinations thereof spread over the entire period of study.

4. ATTENDANCE

75% and above but below 80%	2 Marks
80% and above but below 85%	3 Marks
85% and above but below 90%	4 Marks
90% and Above	5 Marks

5. ELIGIBILITY FOR APPEARING AT ANY OF THE SEMESTERS EXAM.:

A Candidate to be eligible for appearing at any of the Semesters must have a

minimum 75% attendance of the Lectures Delivered

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

BSc PROGRAM

With CHEMISTRY

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

COURSE STRUCTURE [BSc PROGRAM]

COURSE COMPONENTS	Number of Courses
DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE[DSC]	12
DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE [DSE]	6
ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE [AECC]	2
SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE [SEC]	4
TOTAL	24

CREDIT DETAILS OF THE COURSE BSc PROGRAM

SL.No.	COURSES	CREDIT	TOTAL
		PRACTICAL BASED	
		Theory+ Practical	
1.	DSC (12 courses)	(12x4)+(12x2)	72
2.	DSE(6 Courses)	(6x4)+(6x2)	36
3.A.	AECC-1(ENVS)	(2x1)	2
3.B.	AECC-2(Eng/MIL)	(2x1)	2
3.C.	SEC (4 Courses)	(4x2)	8
	TOTAL CREDIT		120
	TOTAL MARKS		1800

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSC)

Chemistry (Credit: 06 each)

DSC: PAPER –I ATOMIC STRUCTURE, BONDING, GENERAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY & ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry-1 (30 Periods)

Atomic Structure: Review of: Bohr's theory and its limitations, dual behaviour of matter and radiation, de Broglie's relation, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle. Hydrogen atom spectra. Need of a new approach to Atomic structure.

What is Quantum mechanics? Time independent Schrodinger equation and meaning of various terms in it. Significance of ψ and ψ^2 , Schrödinger equation for hydrogen atom. Radial and angular parts of the hydrogenic wavefunctions (atomic orbitals) and their variations for 1s, 2s, 2p, 3s, 3p and 3d orbitals (Only graphical representation). Radial and angular nodes and their significance. Radial distribution functions and the concept of the most probable distance with special reference to 1s and 2s atomic orbitals. Significance of quantum numbers, orbital angular momentum and quantum numbers m_l and m_s . Shapes of s, p and d atomic orbitals, nodal planes. Discovery of spin, spin quantum number (s) and magnetic spin quantum number (m_s).

Rules for filling electrons in various orbitals, Electronic configurations of the atoms. Stability of half-filled and completely filled orbitals, concept of exchange energy. Relative energies of atomic orbitals, Anomalous electronic configurations. (14 Lectures)

Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

Ionic Bonding:

General characteristics of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.

Covalent bonding:

VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements. Concept of resonance and resonating structures in various inorganic and organic compounds.

MO Approach: Rules for the LCAO method, bonding and antibonding MOs and their characteristics for s-s, s-p and p-p combinations of atomic orbitals, nonbonding combination of orbitals, MO treatment of

homonuclear diatomic molecules of 1st and 2nd periods (including idea of s-p mixing) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules such as CO, NO and NO⁺. Comparison of VB and MO approaches.

(16 Lectures)

Section B: Organic Chemistry-1 (30 Periods)

Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry

Physical Effects, Electronic Displacements: Inductive Effect, Electromeric Effect, Resonance and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis.

Structure, shape and reactivity of organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals.

Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule. (8 Lectures)

Stereochemistry

Conformations with respect to ethane, butane and cyclohexane. Interconversion of Wedge Formula, Newmann, Sawhorse and Fischer representations. Concept of chirality (upto two carbon atoms). Configuration: Geometrical and Optical isomerism; Enantiomerism, Diastereomerism and Meso compounds). Threo and erythro; D and L; cis - trans nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/ S (for upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and E / Z Nomenclature (for upto two C=C systems). (10 Lectures)

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons

Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.

Alkanes: (Upto 5 Carbons). Preparation: Catalytic hydrogenation, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's synthesis, from Grignard reagent. Reactions: Free radical Substitution: Halogenation.

Alkenes: (Upto 5 Carbons) Preparation: Elimination reactions: Dehydration of alkenes and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (Saytzeff's rule); cis alkenes (Partial catalytic hydrogenation) and trans alkenes (Birch reduction). Reactions: cis-addition (alk. KMnO₄) and trans-addition (bromine), Addition of HX (Markownikoff's and anti-Markownikoff's addition), Hydration, Ozonolysis, oxymercuration-demercuration, Hydroboration-oxidation.

Alkynes: (Upto 5 Carbons) Preparation: Acetylene from CaC₂ and conversion into higher alkynes; by dehalogenation of tetra halides and dehydrohalogenation of vicinal-dihalides.

Reactions: formation of metal acetylides, addition of bromine and alkaline KMnO₄, ozonolysis and oxidation with hot alk. KMnO₄. (12 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- * Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991
 - * Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G & Gaus, P.L. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd ed., Wiley.
 - * Douglas, B.E., McDaniel, D.H & Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons.
 - * Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R.L & Medhi, O.K. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education India, 2006.
 - * Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B & Snyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (2014).
 - McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
 - * Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
 - * Eliel, E.L. Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata McGraw Hill education, 2000
 - * Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.
 - * Morrison, R.T. & Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Pearson, 2010.
 - * Bahl, A. & Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.
 - * Satya Prakash, G D Tuli, S K Basu & R D Madan, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010
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DSC LAB: PAPER -I

ATOMIC STRUCTURE, BONDING, GENERAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY & ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS

60 Lectures

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis (ANY THREE)

1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.
2. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO_4 .
3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO_4 .
4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ using internal indicator.
5. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$.

Section B: Organic Chemistry (ANY THREE)

1. Detection of extra elements (N, S, Cl, Br, I) in organic compounds (containing upto two extra elements)
2. Separation of mixtures by Chromatography: Measure the R_f value in each case (combination of two compounds to be given)
 - (a) Identify and separate the components of a given mixture of two amino acids (glycine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, tyrosine or any other amino acid) by paper chromatography .
 - (b) Identify and separate the sugars present in the given mixture by paper chromatography.

Reference Books:

- . * Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012
- . * Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009
- . * Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J & Smith, P.W.G.,
- * Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- * Mann, F.G & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.

DSC: PAPER -2

CHEMICAL ENERGETICS, EQUILIBRIA & FUNCTIONAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures

Section A: Physical Chemistry-1 (30 Lectures)

Chemical Energetics

Review of thermodynamics and the Laws of Thermodynamics. Important principles and definitions of thermochemistry. Concept of standard state and standard enthalpies of formations, integral and differential enthalpies of solution and dilution. Calculation of bond energy, bond dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data. Variation of enthalpy of a reaction with temperature – Kirchhoff's equation. Statement of Third Law of thermodynamics and calculation of absolute entropies of substances. (10 Lectures)

Chemical Equilibrium: Free energy change in a chemical reaction. Thermodynamic derivation of the law of chemical equilibrium. Distinction between ΔG and ΔG° , Le Chatelier's principle. Relationships between K_p , K_c and K_x for reactions involving ideal gases. (8 Lectures)

Ionic Equilibria: Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect. Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts – applications of solubility product principle. (12 Lectures)

Section B: Organic Chemistry-2 (30 Lectures)

Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.

Aromatic hydrocarbons Preparation (Case benzene): from phenol, by decarboxylation, from acetylene, from benzene sulphonic acid.

Reactions: (Case benzene): Electrophilic substitution: nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Friedel-Craft's reaction (alkylation and acylation) (upto 4 carbons on benzene). Side chain oxidation of alkyl benzenes (upto 4 carbons on benzene). (8 Lectures)

Alkyl and Aryl Halides

Alkyl Halides (Upto 5 Carbons) Types of Nucleophilic Substitution (SN_1 , SN_2 and SN_i) reactions.

Preparation: from alkenes and alcohols.

Reactions: hydrolysis, nitrite & nitro formation, nitrile & isonitrile formation. Williamson's ether synthesis: Elimination vs substitution.

Aryl Halides

Preparation: (Chloro, bromo and iodo-benzene case): from phenol, Sandmeyer & Gattermann reactions.

Reactions (Chlorobenzene): Aromatic nucleophilic substitution (replacement by –OH group) and effect of nitro substituent. Benzyne Mechanism: KNH_2/NH_3 (or $\text{NaNH}_2/\text{NH}_3$).

Reactivity and Relative strength of C-Halogen bond in alkyl, allyl, benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

(8 Lectures)

Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers (Upto 5 Carbons)

Alcohols: Preparation: Preparation of 1o , 2o and 3o alcohols: using Grignard reagent, Ester hydrolysis, Reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acid and esters.

Reactions: With sodium, HX (Lucas test), esterification, oxidation (with PCC, alk. KMnO_4 , acidic dichromate, conc. HNO_3). Oppeneauer oxidation Diols: (Upto 6 Carbons) oxidation of diols. Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.

Phenols: (Phenol case) Preparation: Cumene hydroperoxide method, from diazonium salts. Reactions: Electrophilic substitution: Nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Reimer- Tiemann Reaction, Gattermann-Koch Reaction, Houben–Hoesch Condensation, Schotten – Baumann Reaction.

Ethers (aliphatic and aromatic): Cleavage of ethers with HI.

Aldehydes and ketones (aliphatic and aromatic): (Formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acetone and benzaldehyde)

Preparation: from acid chlorides and from nitriles.

Reactions – Reaction with HCN, ROH, NaHSO_3 , $\text{NH}_2\text{-G}$ derivatives. Iodoform test. Aldol Condensation, Cannizzaro's reaction, Wittig reaction, Benzoin condensation. Clemensen reduction and Wolff Kishner reduction. Meerwein-Ponndorf Verley reduction. (14 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- * Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B & Snyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (2014).
- * McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
- * Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
- * Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.
- * Morrison, R.T. & Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Pearson, 2010.
- * Bahl, A. & Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.
- * Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- * Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- * Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
- * Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- * Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- * A Bhal, BS Bhal & GD Tuli, Essentials of Physical Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.

DSC LAB: PAPER -2

CHEMICAL ENERGETICS, EQUILIBRIA & FUNCTIONAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I 60 Lectures

Section A: Physical Chemistry

Thermochemistry (ANY TWO)

1. Determination of heat capacity of calorimeter for different volumes.
2. Determination of enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
3. Determination of enthalpy of ionization of acetic acid.
4. Determination of integral enthalpy of solution of salts (KNO₃, NH₄Cl).
5. Determination of enthalpy of hydration of copper sulphate.
6. Study of the solubility of benzoic acid in water and determination of ΔH .

Ionic equilibria [pH measurements]

Measurement of pH of different solutions like aerated drinks/ fruit juices/shampoos/ soaps (use dilute solutions of soaps and shampoos to prevent damage to the glass electrode) using pH-meter.

a) Preparation of buffer solutions: (ANY ONE)

(i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid

(ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide

Measurement of the pH of buffer solutions and comparison of the values with theoretical values.

Section B: Organic Chemistry

1. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization (from water and alcohol) and distillation.
2. Criteria of Purity: Determination of melting and boiling points.
3. Preparations: Mechanism of various reactions involved to be discussed. Recrystallisation, determination of melting point and calculation of quantitative yields to be done.

(ANY ONE)

(a) Bromination of Phenol/Aniline

(b) Benzoylation of amines/phenols

(c) Oxime and 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone of aldehyde/ketone

Reference Books

* Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.

* Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Orient-Longman, 1960.

* Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).

DSC : PAPER -3

SOLUTIONS, PHASE EQUILIBRIA, CONDUCTANCE, ELECTROCHEMISTRY & FUNCTIONAL GROUP ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures

Section A: Physical Chemistry-2 (30 Lectures)

Solutions

Thermodynamics of ideal solutions: Ideal solutions and Raoult's law, deviations from Raoult's law – non-ideal solutions. Vapour pressure-composition and temperature-composition curves of ideal and non-ideal solutions. Distillation of solutions. Lever rule. Azeotropes. Partial miscibility of liquids: Critical solution temperature; effect of impurity on partial miscibility of liquids. Immiscibility of liquids- Principle of steam distillation. Nernst distribution law and its applications, solvent extraction. (8 Lectures)

Phase Equilibria

Phases, components and degrees of freedom of a system, criteria of phase equilibrium. Gibbs Phase Rule and its thermodynamic derivation. Derivation of Clausius – Clapeyron equation and its importance in phase equilibria. Phase diagrams of one-component systems (water and sulphur) and two component systems involving eutectics, congruent and incongruent melting points (lead-silver, FeCl₃-H₂O and Na-K only). (8 Lectures)

Conductance

Conductivity, equivalent and molar conductivity and their variation with dilution for weak and strong electrolytes. Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions. Transference number and its experimental determination using Hittorf and Moving boundary methods. Ionic mobility. Applications of conductance measurements: determination of degree of ionization of weak electrolyte, solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts, ionic product of water, hydrolysis constant of a salt. Conductometric titrations (only acidbase). (6 Lectures)

Electrochemistry

Reversible and irreversible cells. Concept of EMF of a cell. Measurement of EMF of a cell. Nernst equation and its importance. Types of electrodes. Standard electrode potential. Electrochemical series. Thermodynamics of a reversible cell, calculation of thermodynamic properties: ΔG , ΔH and ΔS from EMF data. Calculation of equilibrium constant from EMF data. Concentration cells with transference and without transference. Liquid junction potential and salt bridge. pH determination using hydrogen electrode and quinhydrone electrode. Potentiometric titrations -qualitative treatment (acid-base and oxidation-reduction only). (8 Lectures)

Section B: Organic Chemistry-3 (30 Lectures)

Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.

Carboxylic acids and their derivatives Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic) Preparation: Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. Reactions: Hell – Vohlard - Zelinsky Reaction.

Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons) Preparation: Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their interconversion. Reactions: Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives. Reformatsky Reaction, Perkin condensation. (6 Lectures)

Amines and Diazonium Salts Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): (Upto 5 carbons) Preparation: from alkyl halides, Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide reaction. Reactions: Hofmann vs. Saytzeff elimination, Carbylamine test, Hinsberg test, with HNO₂, Schotten – Baumann Reaction. Electrophilic substitution (case aniline): nitration, bromination, sulphonation.

Diazonium salts: Preparation: from aromatic amines. Reactions: conversion to benzene, phenol, dyes. (6 Lectures)

Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins: Preparation of Amino Acids: Strecker synthesis using Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis. Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and Electrophoresis. Reactions of Amino acids: ester of –COOH group, acetylation of –NH₂ group, complexation with Cu²⁺ ions, ninhydrin test. Overview of Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary Structure of proteins. Determination of Primary structure of Peptides by degradation Edmann degradation (Nterminal) and C-terminal (thiohydantoin and with carboxypeptidase enzyme). Synthesis of simple peptides (upto dipeptides) by N-protection (t-butyloxycarbonyl and phthaloyl) & Cactivating groups and Merrifield solid-phase synthesis. (10 Lectures)

Carbohydrates: Classification, and General Properties, Glucose and Fructose (open chain and cyclic structure), Determination of configuration of monosaccharides, absolute configuration of Glucose and Fructose, Mutarotation, ascending and descending in monosaccharides. Structure of disacharrides (sucrose, cellobiose, maltose, lactose) and polysacharrides (starch and cellulose) excluding their structure elucidation. (8 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- * Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- * Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- * Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2009).
- * Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998). Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- * Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- * Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- * Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- * Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- * Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman, 2002.

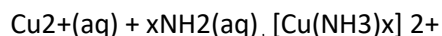
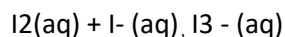
SOLUTIONS, PHASE EQUILIBRIA, CONDUCTANCE, ELECTROCHEMISTRY & FUNCTIONAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

60 Lectures Section

A: Physical Chemistry

Distribution (ANY ONE)

Study of the equilibrium of one of the following reactions by the distribution method:



Phase equilibria (Any TWO)

- Construction of the phase diagram of a binary system (simple eutectic) using cooling curves.
- Determination of the critical solution temperature and composition of the phenol water system and study of the effect of impurities on it.
- Study of the variation of mutual solubility temperature with concentration for the phenol water system and determination of the critical solubility temperature.

Conductance

Perform the following conductometric titrations:

- Strong acid vs. strong base
- Weak acid vs. strong base

Potentiometry (ANY TWO)

- Perform the following potentiometric titrations:
 - Strong acid vs. strong base
 - Weak acid vs. strong base
 - Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt

Section B: Organic Chemistry

I. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis of Organic Compounds possessing monofunctional groups (-COOH, phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines) and preparation of one derivative

II. (ANY THREE)

1. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography
2. Determination of the concentration of glycine solution by formylation method.
3. Titration curve of glycine
4. Action of salivary amylase on starch
5. Effect of temperature on the action of salivary amylase on starch.
6. Differentiation between a reducing and a nonreducing sugar.

Reference Books:

*Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.

*Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.

*Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).

*Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Universities Press.

DSC : PAPER -4

TRANSITION METAL & COORDINATION CHEMISTRY, STATES OF MATTER & CHEMICAL KINETICS

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry-2 (30 Lectures)

Transition Elements (3d series)

General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valency, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes and stability of various oxidation states (Latimer diagrams) for Mn, Fe and Cu. Lanthanoids and actinoids: Electronic configurations, oxidation states, colour, magnetic properties, lanthanide contraction, separation of lanthanides (ion exchange method only). (12 Lectures)

Coordination Chemistry

Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes of Cr, Fe, Co, Ni and Cu (coordination numbers 4 and 6). Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6. Drawbacks of VBT. IUPAC system of nomenclature. (8 Lectures)

Crystal Field Theory Crystal field effect, octahedral symmetry. Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields. Tetrahedral symmetry. Factors affecting the magnitude of D. Spectrochemical series. Comparison of CFSE for Oh and Td complexes, Tetragonal distortion of octahedral geometry. Jahn-Teller distortion, Square planar coordination. (10 Lectures)

Section B: Physical Chemistry-3 (30 Lectures)

Gases

Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. Deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor, causes of deviation. van der Waals equation of state for real gases. Boyle temperature (derivation not required). Critical phenomena, critical constants and their calculation from van der Waals equation. Andrews isotherms of CO₂. Maxwell Boltzmann distribution laws of molecular velocities and molecular energies (graphic representation – derivation not required) and their importance. Temperature dependence of these distributions. Most probable, average and root mean square velocities (no derivation). Collision cross section, collision number, collision frequency, collision diameter and mean free path of molecules. Viscosity of gases and effect of temperature and pressure on coefficient of viscosity (qualitative treatment only). (8 Lectures)

Liquids

Surface tension and its determination using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only). (6 Lectures)

Solids

Forms of solids. Symmetry elements, unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais lattice types and identification of lattice planes. Laws of Crystallography - Law of constancy of interfacial angles, Law of rational indices. Miller indices. X-Ray diffraction by crystals, Bragg's law. Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (qualitative treatment only). Defects in crystals. Glasses and liquid crystals. (8 Lectures)

Chemical Kinetics

The concept of reaction rates. Effect of temperature, pressure, catalyst and other factors on reaction rates. Order and molecularity of a reaction. Derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second order reactions (both for equal and unequal concentrations of reactants). Half-life of a reaction. General methods for determination of order of a reaction. Concept of activation energy and its calculation from Arrhenius equation. Theories of Reaction Rates: Collision theory and Activated Complex theory of bimolecular reactions. Comparison of the two theories (qualitative treatment only). (8 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- * Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007)
- . * Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- * Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
- * Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998)
- . * Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- * Cotton, F.A. & Wilkinson, G. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley
- * Shriver, D.F. & Atkins, P.W. Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
- * Wulfsberg, G. Inorganic Chemistry, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd
- . * Rodgers, G.E. Inorganic & Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Ltd., 2008

DSC LAB: PAPER -4

TRANSITION METAL & COORDINATION CHEMISTRY, STATES OF MATTER & CHEMICAL KINETICS

60 Lectures

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry

a) Semi-micro qualitative analysis (using H₂S or other methods) of mixtures - not more than four ionic species (two anions and two cations, excluding insoluble salts) out of the following:

Cations : NH₄⁺ , Pb²⁺, Bi³⁺, Cu²⁺, Cd²⁺, Fe³⁺, Al³⁺, Co²⁺, Ni²⁺, Mn²⁺, Zn²⁺, Ba²⁺, Sr²⁺, Ca²⁺, K⁺
Anions : CO₃²⁻ , S²⁻, SO₃²⁻, S₂O₃²⁻, NO₃⁻ , CH₃COO⁻ , Cl⁻ , Br⁻ , I⁻ , NO₂⁻ , SO₄²⁻, PO₄³⁻, BO₃³⁻, C₂O₄²⁻, F⁻ (Spot tests should be carried out wherever feasible)

b) (ANY TWO)

1. Estimate the amount of nickel present in a given solution as bis(dimethylglyoximate) nickel(II) or aluminium as oximate in a given solution gravimetrically.

2. Estimation of (i) Mg²⁺ or (ii) Zn²⁺ by complexometric titrations using EDTA.

3. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration.

Section B: Physical Chemistry

(I) Surface tension measurement (use of organic solvents excluded). (ANY ONE)

a) Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using a stalagmometer.

b) Study of the variation of surface tension of a detergent solution with concentration.

(II) Viscosity measurement (use of organic solvents excluded). (ANY ONE)

a) Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer.

b) Study of the variation of viscosity of an aqueous solution with concentration of solute.

(III) Chemical Kinetics

Study the kinetics of the following reactions.

Integrated rate method: (ANY ONE)

a) Acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate with hydrochloric acid

b). Saponification of ethyl acetate.

Reference Books:

Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.

Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.

Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand

O P Pandey, D N Bajpai & S Giri, Practical Chemistry, Revised Edn. S Chand.

CHEMISTRY

DSE: PAPER-2

POLYMER CHEMISTRY

(Credits: Theory-06, Practicals-02)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Introduction and history of polymeric materials:

Different schemes of classification of polymers, Polymer nomenclature, Molecular forces and chemical bonding in polymers, Texture of Polymers. Classifications including di-,tri-, and amphiphilic polymers.

(2 Lectures)

Functionality and its importance: Addition and Condensation –Mechanism of Cationic, anionic and free radical addition polymerization.

Criteria for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization. Bi-functional systems, Poly-functional systems.

(10 Lectures)

Criteria for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization. Bi-functional systems, Poly-functional systems.

(10 Lectures)

Kinetics of Polymerization:

Mechanism and kinetics of step growth, radical chain growth, ionic chain (both cationic and anionic) and coordination polymerizations, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, polymerization techniques. Metallocene-based Ziegler-Natta polymerisation of alkenes; Preparation and applications of plastics – thermosetting (phenol-formaldehyde, Polyurethanes) and thermosoftening (PVC, polythene);

(6 lectures)

Crystallization and crystallinity:

Determination of crystalline melting point and degree of crystallinity, Morphology of crystalline polymers, Factors affecting crystalline melting point.

(4 Lectures)

Nature and structure of polymers-Structure Property relationships.

(2 Lectures)

Determination of molecular weight of polymers (M_n , M_w , etc) by end group analysis, viscometry, light scattering and osmotic pressure methods. Molecular weight distribution and its significance.

Polydispersity index.

(8 Lectures)

Glass transition temperature (T_g) and determination of T_g, Free volume theory, WLF equation, Factors affecting glass transition temperature (T_g).

(6 Lectures)

Polymer Solution – Criteria for polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory- Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution temperatures.

(6 Lectures)

Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties).

Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes,

Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].

(10 Lectures)

Fabrics – natural and synthetic (acrylic, polyamido, polyester); Rubbers – natural and synthetic: Buna-S, Chloroprene and Neoprene; Vulcanization; Polymer additives; Introduction to liquid crystal polymers; Biodegradable and conducting polymers with examples.

(6 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- R.B. Seymour & C.E. Carraher: *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction*, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
 - G. Odian: *Principles of Polymerization*, 4th Ed. Wiley, 2004.
 - F.W. Billmeyer: *Textbook of Polymer Science*, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971.
 - P. Ghosh: *Polymer Science & Technology*, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991.
 - R.W. Lenz: *Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers*. Interscience Publishers, New York, 1967.
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DSE LAB: PAPER-2

POLYMER CHEMISTRY

60 Lectures

1. Polymer synthesis (Any Three)

1. Free radical solution polymerization of styrene (St) / Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) / Methyl Acrylate (MA) / Acrylic acid (AA).
 - a. Purification of monomer
 - b. Polymerization using benzoyl peroxide (BPO) / 2,2'-azo-bis-isobutyronitrile (AIBN)
2. Preparation of nylon 66/6

3. Interfacial polymerization, preparation of polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and phenolphthalein

- a. Preparation of IPC
- b. Purification of IPC
- c. Interfacial polymerization

4. Redox polymerization of acrylamide

5. Precipitation polymerization of acrylonitrile

6. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde resin

7. Preparations of novalac resin/ resold resin.

8. Microscale Emulsion Polymerization of Poly(methylacrylate).

Polymer characterization (Any Two)

1. Determination of molecular weight by viscometry:

(a) Polyacrylamide-aq. NaNO_2 solution

(b) (Poly vinyl propylidene (PVP) in water

2. Determination of the viscosity-average molecular weight of poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-head" monomer linkages in the polymer.

3. Determination of molecular weight by end group analysis: Polyethylene glycol (PEG) (OH group).

4. Testing of mechanical properties of polymers.

5. Determination of hydroxyl number of a polymer using colorimetric method.

Polymer analysis (Any Two)

1. Estimation of the amount of HCHO in the given solution by sodium sulphite method
2. Instrumental Techniques
3. IR studies of polymers
4. DSC analysis of polymers
5. Preparation of polyacrylamide and its electrophoresis

Reference Books:

- M.P. Stevens, *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction*, 3rd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1999.
 - H.R. Allcock, F.W. Lampe & J.E. Mark, *Contemporary Polymer Chemistry*, 3rd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)
 - F.W. Billmeyer, *Textbook of Polymer Science*, 3rd ed. Wiley-Interscience (1984)
 - J.R. Fried, *Polymer Science and Technology*, 2nd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)
 - P. Munk & T.M. Aminabhavi, *Introduction to Macromolecular Science*, 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons (2002)
 - L. H. Sperling, *Introduction to Physical Polymer Science*, 4th ed. John Wiley & Sons (2005)
 - M.P. Stevens, *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction* 3rd ed. Oxford University Press (2005).
 - Seymour/ Carraher's Polymer Chemistry, 9th ed. by Charles E. Carraher, Jr. (2013).
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DSE: PAPER-1

INORGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Silicate Industries

Glass: Glassy state and its properties, classification (silicate and non-silicate glasses). Manufacture and processing of glass. Composition and properties of the following types of glasses: Soda lime glass, lead glass, armoured glass, safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate, coloured glass, photosensitive glass.

Ceramics: Important clays and feldspar, ceramic, their types and manufacture. High technology ceramics and their applications, superconducting and semiconducting oxides, fullerenes carbon nanotubes and carbon fibre.

Cements: Classification of cement, ingredients and their role, Manufacture of cement and the setting process, quick setting cements.

(16 Lectures)

Fertilizers:

Different types of fertilizers. Manufacture of the following fertilizers: Urea, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphates; polyphosphate, superphosphate, compound and mixed fertilizers, potassium chloride, potassium sulphate.

(8 Lectures)

Surface Coatings:

Objectives of coatings surfaces, preliminary treatment of surface, classification of surface coatings. Paints and pigments-formulation, composition and related properties. Oil paint, Vehicle, modified oils, Pigments, toners and lakes pigments, Fillers, Thinners, Enamels, emulsifying agents. Special paints

(Heat retardant, Fire retardant, Eco-friendly paint, Plastic paint), Dyes, Wax polishing, Water and Oil paints, additives, Metallic coatings (electrolytic and electroless), metal spraying and anodizing.

(10 Lectures)

Batteries:

Primary and secondary batteries, battery components and their role, Characteristics of Battery. Working of following batteries: Pb acid, Li-Battery, Solid state electrolyte battery. Fuel cells, Solar cell and polymer cell.

(6 Lectures)

Alloys:

Classification of alloys, ferrous and non-ferrous alloys, Specific properties of elements in alloys. Manufacture of Steel (removal of silicon decarbonization, demanganization, desulphurization dephosphorisation) and surface treatment (argon treatment, heat treatment, nitriding, carburizing). Composition and properties of different types of steels.

(10 Lectures)

Catalysis:

General principles and properties of catalysts, homogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and heterogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and their industrial applications, Deactivation or regeneration of catalysts.

Phase transfer catalysts, application of zeolites as catalysts.

(6 Lectures)

Chemical explosives:

Origin of explosive properties in organic compounds, preparation and explosive properties of lead azide, PETN, cyclonite (RDX). Introduction to rocket propellants.

(4 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- E. Stocchi: *Industrial Chemistry*, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
 - R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: *Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
 - W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: *Introduction to Ceramics*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
 - J. A. Kent: *Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry*, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
 - P. C. Jain, M. Jain: *Engineering Chemistry*, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
 - R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: *Engineering Chemistry*, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
 - Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. *Industrial Chemistry*, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).
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DSE LAB: PAPER-1

INORGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE

60 Lectures

(Any Five)

1. Determination of free acidity in ammonium sulphate fertilizer.
2. Estimation of Calcium in Calcium ammonium nitrate fertilizer.
3. Estimation of phosphoric acid in superphosphate fertilizer.
4. Electroless metallic coatings on ceramic and plastic material.
5. Determination of composition of dolomite (by complexometric titration).
6. Analysis of (Cu, Ni); (Cu, Zn) in alloy or synthetic samples.
7. Analysis of Cement.
8. Preparation of pigment (zinc oxide).

Reference Books:

- E. Stocchi: *Industrial Chemistry*, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: *Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: *Introduction to Ceramics*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- J. A. Kent: *Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry*, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- P. C. Jain, M. Jain: *Engineering Chemistry*, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: *Engineering Chemistry*, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.

Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. *Industrial Chemistry*, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

SEC: PAPER -2

GREEN METHODS IN CHEMISTRY

(Credits: 02)

Theory: 30 Lectures

Theory and Hand-on Experiments

Introduction: Definitions of Green Chemistry. Brief introduction of twelve principles of Green Chemistry, with examples, special emphasis on atom economy, reducing toxicity, green solvents, Green Chemistry and catalysis and alternative sources of energy, Green energy and sustainability

The following Real world Cases in Green Chemistry should be discussed:

- Surfactants for carbon dioxide – Replacing smog producing and ozone depleting solvents with CO₂ for precision cleaning and dry cleaning of garments.
- Designing of environmentally safe marine antifoulant.
- Rightfit pigment: Synthetic azo pigments to replace toxic organic and inorganic pigments.
- An efficient, green synthesis of a compostable and widely applicable plastic (poly lactic acid) made from corn.

Practicals

- Preparation and characterization of biodiesel from vegetable oil.
- Extraction of D-limonene from orange peel using liquid CO₂ prepared from dry ice.
- Mechano chemical solvent free synthesis of azomethine.
- Solvent free, microwave assisted one pot synthesis of phthalocyanine complex of copper(II).

Reference Books:

- Anastas, P.T. & Warner, J.K. *Green Chemistry- Theory and Practical*, Oxford University Press (1998).
- Matlack, A.S. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, Marcel Dekker (2001).
- Cann, M.C. & Connely, M.E. *Real-World cases in Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2000).
- Ryan, M.A. & Tinnesand, M. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2002).
- Sharma, R.K.; Sidhwani, I.T. & Chaudhari, M.K. *Green Chemistry Experiments: A monograph* I.K. International Publishing House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi, Bangalore.

- Lancaster, M. *Green Chemistry: An introductory text* RSC publishing, 2nd Edition.
- Sidhwani, I.T., Saini, G., Chowdhury, S., Garg, D., Malovika, Garg, N. Wealth from waste: A green method to produce biodiesel from waste cooking oil and generation of useful products from waste further generated “A Social Awareness Project”, *Delhi University Journal of Undergraduate Research and Innovation*,

1(1): 2015.

SEC: PAPER -1

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

(Credits: 02)

Theory: 30 Lectures

Drugs & Pharmaceuticals

Classification, Structure and drug discovery, design and development and therapeutic uses; Basic Retrosynthetic approach. Synthesis of the representative drugs of the following classes: analgesics agents, antipyretic agents, anti-inflammatory agents (Aspirin, paracetamol, Ibuprofen); Antimalarials: Chloroquine (with synthesis). antibiotics (detailed study of Chloramphenicol); antibacterial and antifungal agents (Sulphonamides; Sulphanethoxazol, Sulphacetamide, Trimethoprim); antiviral agents (Acyclovir), Central Nervous System agents (Phenobarbital, Diazepam), Cardiovascular (Glyceryl trinitrate), antilaprosy (Dapsone), HIV-AIDS related drugs (AZT- Zidovudine).

Medicinal values of curcumin (haldi), azadirachtin (neem), vitamin C and antacid (ranitidine).

Fermentation

Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of (i) Ethyl alcohol and citric acid, (ii) Antibiotics; Penicillin, Cephalosporin, Chloromycetin and Streptomycin, (iii) Lysine, Glutamic acid, Vitamin B2, Vitamin B12 and Vitamin C.

Practicals (any two)

1. Preparation of Aspirin and its analysis.
2. Preparation of magnesium bisilicate (Antacid).
3. Any other preparation as desired.

Reference Books:

- Patrick, G. L. *Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry*, Oxford University Press, UK, 2013.
 - Singh, H. & Kapoor, V.K. *Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry*, Vallabh Prakashan, Pitampura, New Delhi, 2012.
 - Foye, W.O., Lemke, T.L. & William, D.A.: *Principles of Medicinal Chemistry*, 4th ed., B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
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SCHEME FOR CBCS IN BSc PROGRAM

YEAR	SEMESTER	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE [DSC]	ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE [AECC]	SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE [SEC]	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE [DSE]
1	1	DSC-1[Paper 1]	AECC-I		
		DSC-2[Paper 1]			
		DSC-3[Paper 1]			
	2	DSC-1[Paper 2]	AECC-2		
		DSC-2[Paper 2]			
		DSC-3[Paper 2]			
2	3	DSC-1[Paper 3]		SEC-1[Paper I]	
		DSC-2[Paper 3]			
		DSC-3[Paper 3]			
	4	DSC-1[Paper 4]		SEC-I[Paper 2]	
		DSC-2[Paper 4]			
		DSC-3[Paper 4]			
3	5			SEC-2[Paper I]	DSE-I[Paper I]
					DSE-2[Paper I]
					DSE-3[Paper]
	6			SEC-2[Paper 2]	DSE-I[Paper 2]
					DSE-2[Paper 2]
					DSE-3[Paper 2]

Note:* DSE-I will be the same subject as DSC-I

DSE-2 will be the same subject as DSC-2

DSE-3 will be the same subject as DSC-3

***SEC -1 and SEC-2 can be chosen from any of the THREE [3] DSC Subjects taken above.**

SCHEME for BSc PROGRAM [With CHEMISTRY as one of the Three DSC (DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSES)]

SEMESTER I and 2

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	CREDIT	MARKS	
1	1	AECC-I (ENVS)	2	100	
		DSC-I CHEM Paper-I	6	75	
		DSC-2 Paper I	6	75	
		DSC-3 Paper I	6	75	
			20	325	
	2	AECC-2(Eng/MIL)	2	50	
		DSC-I CHEM Paper 2	6	75	
		DSC-2 Paper 2	6	75	
		DSC-2 Paper 2	6	75	
			20	275	

SEMESTER 3 and 4

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	CREDIT	MARKS	
2	3	DSC-I CHEM Paper 3	6	75	
		DSC-2 Paper 3	6	75	
		DSC-3 Paper 3	6	75	
		SEC-I CHEM Paper I	2	75	
			20	300	
	4	DSC-I CHEM Paper 4	6	75	
		DSC-2 Paper 4	6	75	
		DSC-3 Paper 4	6	75	
		SEC-I CHEM Paper 2	2	75	
			20	300	

SEMESTER 5 and 6

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	CREDIT	MARKS
3	5	DSE-I CHEM Paper I	6	75
		DSE-2 Paper I	6	75
		DSE-3 Paper I	6	75
		SEC-2 Paper I	2	75
			20	300
	6	DSE-I CHEM Paper 2	6	75
		DSE-2 Paper 2	6	75
		DSE-3 Paper 2	6	75
		SEC-2 Paper 2	2	75
			20	300

TOTAL CREDIT	120
TOTAL MARKS	1800

SYLLABUS FOR CBCS IN BSc PROGRAM

[WITH CHEMISTRY AS ONE OF THE DSC SUBJECTS CHOSEN]

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE [DSC- 1/2/3]] [CREDIT: 6 Each Paper]

DSC-1/2/3	PAPER-1	Atomic Structure, Bonding, Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic Hydrocarbons
	PAPER-2	Chemical Energetics, Equilibria & Functional Groups Organic Chemistry-I
	PAPER-3	Solutions Phase Equilibria, Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional groups Organic Chemistry -II
	PAPER-4	Transition Metals & Coordination Chemistry , States of Matter & Chemical Kinetics

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE [DSE -1/2/3] [CREDIT: 6 of Each Paper]

DSE -1/2/3	PAPER-1	Inorganic materials of Industrial Importance
	PAPER-2	Polymer chemistry

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE [SEC -1/ 2][Credit: 2 of Each paper]

SEC-1/2	PAPER -I	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
	PAPER-2	Green Methods In Chemistry